PERIODONTAL DISEASES RELATED TO SYSTEMIC PATHOLOGIES

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Resumo

Periodontology consists of an inflammation of the tooth supporting tissues (such as gums, bone and periodontal ligament), which may be related to the accumulation of biofilm that begins as gingival inflammation, which can be extended to periodontal diseases or not.
periodontal disease may have some risk factors that will increase its involvement, such as smoking, hormonal changes: puberty, pregnancy and menopause, stress, diabetes, inadequate nutrition, medications, genetics, human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), osteoporosis. 10 articles on the following platforms, Scielo, Pubmed, Google Scholar.
Some diseases that lead to immunosuppression, such as Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV), which affects the host significantly, leaving periodontics with great bone loss and rapid progression due to low defense density more succinct.
The presence of saliva is important because, in addition to having a buffering effect and regulating pH, it also keeps the mouth moist and helps remove bacteria that can lead to gingival inflammation. Since systemic diseases increase the incidence of periodontal diseases, non-surgical treatments with the use of medications or not, they should be performed more frequently, with the frequent removal of plaque, calculus and other elements incorporated into the periodontal cementum, through supra and subgingival scaling, root planing and polishing.

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